

# GREAT REMOVAL SALE

## OFFERS Choice, Seasonable BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

### Some Specialties in our WASH GOODS DEPARTMENT.

- Burmah Challies, Dresden and Persian Effects ..... 4c yd.
- 30-inch Percalé, light choice patterns, reg. 15c...spec. 5c "
- Dimities ..... reg. 15c spec. 10c "
- Scotch Gingham, new pattern ..... reg. 12½c spec. 9c "
- Duck, fancy shades ..... reg. 12½c spec. 7c "
- 36-inch Percalé, new Persian designs, reg. 15c...spec. 12½c "
- 36-inch Bordered Apron Gingham, reg. 10c...spec. 7c "
- Silk Stripe Challies ..... reg. 16½ spec. 11c "

Ladies' and Misses' Shirt Waists and Ladies' Wrappers at greatly reduced prices.

Don't overlook our special offering of School Handkerchiefs at 2c each.

Special lot of No. 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 12 and 16 Satin Ribbons at 8½c per yard.

## A. M. WILLIAMS & CO.

### What we are doing in our LINEN DEPARTMENT.

- Specialties in Towels—all reduced. See our 7½c Fringed Linen Damask.
- 48-inch Bleached Turkish Bath Towels, each ..... 20c
  - 15-inch Colored Doyleies, fringed; regular 75c doz ..... special 55c doz
  - 16-inch Bleached Damask, " regular \$1.25 doz ..... special 85c doz
  - 20-inch " " regular 1.75 doz ..... special \$1.25 doz
- TABLE LINENS.
- 54-inch ½ Bleached Damask ..... 25c yard
  - 66-inch Heavy Scotch Homespun, regular 60c ..... special 45c
  - 56-inch ½ Bleached Special, regular 50c ..... special 40c
  - 60-inch ½ Bleached, Pure Linen, regular 65c ..... special 52½c
  - 54-inch Bleached, Satin Finished, regular 60c ..... special 42½c
  - 64-inch Satin Finished, regular 85c ..... special 65c
  - 64-inch Bleached Satin Damask, regular \$1.00 ..... special 75c
  - 72-inch Bleached Plain Damask, regular \$1.35 ..... special \$1.00
  - 72-inch Extra Good Satin Damask, regular \$1.25 ..... special 95c
  - 72-inch " " " regular \$1.50 ..... special \$1.10

All Colored Table Linens reduced accordingly. The 50c grade to 35c; the 60c grade to 45c, &c.

Our entire stock of Linens are of this season's importation.

### Clothing and Furnishing Goods Department.

- Fifteen and Twenty per cent. discount on all Spring and Summer Suits.
- Boys' and Children's Suits the same.
- All Summer Underwear cut from 25 to 30 per cent.
- Broken lots, 50 cents on the dollar.
- Our stock of Negligee Overshirts now on display and every lot reduced. Special closing prices on the following makes: Manhattans, Monarchs and Banner brands.
- Neckwear, Hosiery, Gloves, &c, at big reductions.

## A. M. WILLIAMS & CO.

### The Weekly Chronicle.

#### NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

- For President, WILLIAM M'KINLEY, Ohio
- For Vice-President, GARRET A. HOBART, New Jersey
- For Presidential Electors, T. T. GEER, Marion County; S. M. YORAN, Lane; E. L. SMITH, Wasco; J. F. CAPLES, Multnomah

- STATE OFFICIALS.
- Governor, W. P. Lord
  - Secretary of State, H. R. Kincaid
  - Treasurer, Phillip Metcahan
  - Sup't. of Public Instruction, G. M. Irwin
  - Attorney-General, C. M. Idlemann
  - Senators, J. W. McBride, J. H. Mitchell, B. Hermann, W. R. Ellis
  - Congressmen, W. R. Ellis
  - State Printer, W. H. Leeds

#### SILVER AND WAGES.

The three hundred Pennsylvania laborers who refused to take their pay in silver the other day and demanded gold were influenced by a false impression as to present currency conditions, says the Globe Democrat, but their action served, nevertheless, to teach an important lesson. Their employers paid them in gold as a matter of voluntary concession, ignoring the fact that he could have compelled them to take silver. It made no difference to him, and it made no difference to them, that he chose to comply with their demand. Their mistake was in supposing that the silver dollar is now worth only 50 cents or 51 cents, whereas it is really worth 100 cents, or, in other words, it is as good as a gold dollar in purchasing power. Its intrinsic value is only about half as much as that of the gold dollar, but it circulates at par because it is possible for the government, under existing conditions, to save it from depreciation. If, however, the amount of such money should be increased to the extent proposed by the free-coiners, it would inevitably forfeit this advantage, and slump to the actual market value of the bullion that it represents. Then it would be only a 50-cent dollar in purchasing power, and laborers receiving it would be losers by the difference between it and a 100-cent dollar.

It is the purpose of the Republican party to prevent this threatened decline in the value of the silver dollar to those who receive it for wages and expend it for food and clothing. This is what is meant by the maintenance of the gold standard. As the case now stands, the silver dollar is worth as much as a gold dollar, and the Republicans are in favor of keep-

ing it so. In other words, they believe that the present currency system, under which all forms of money—gold, silver and paper—are equally good, should not be abandoned or undermined. The demand for cheap money is resisted by them because it means that the power of the government to protect the silver dollar against depreciation would be taken away, and it would pass only at its intrinsic value. Under those circumstances the laborer would be obliged to do 100 cents' worth for 50 cents worth of silver bullion. He would have no choice in the matter, as the cheap silver dollars, being legal tender, could be forced upon him, in spite of all his protests and complaints.

The Republican party is pledged to see that such an unfortunate situation does not ensue; and on that account it deserves the support of all voters who work for wages and whose interests it is to get as much as possible for their labor. To maintain the gold standard is to keep the silver dollar at its present 100-cent value, and of all men in the country the laborers are the ones who should be most anxious to avert the change that the free coiners are trying to accomplish.

#### FREE SILVER MEXICO.

Examples are the strongest kind of argument, and to the average mind will carry weight when subtle reasoning fails. The silver craze, which is sweeping over the country, has affected all classes of people. There are those who—if they have not done it—will study the question seriously and come to a rational conclusion. Others will refuse to let in the light, and declare, as one man did on the streets of The Dalles not a week ago, that he would "vote for a dog if the dog were for free silver." With such a man argument has no force, and to reason with him is but a waste of energy. He can, however, be reached by some concrete example, and no better one can be brought forward than the illustration of Mexico, a country which rests purely and simply upon the silver basis.

Francis E. Clark—the president of the president of the Society of Christian Endeavor, has just returned from a journey through Mexico, and his observations are most timely. He writes not as a partisan of silver nor gold, but simply as a traveler who has kept his eyes open. "The silver of Mexico," he says, "has not found its way, to any great extent, into the pockets of the poor people.

Wages are evidently on the highest sort of a gold basis. A number of my friends told me that they pay their cooks about five dollars a month, about one quarter the price of such labor in the United States. In the country district an able-bodied man earns six dollars (Mexican) a month; three dollars (American) and his board; while a fair day's wages in city or country for a laboring man is fifty cents (Mexican), twenty-five cents (American). Nowhere are beggars more in evidence than in prosperous (?) Mexico. Indeed, the condition of common people seems not one whit better than that of the fellahin of Egypt or the pariahs of India. Is free silver the good genius of the republic? I will leave it to the financiers to say. I simply record the impressions of a traveler."

This is impartial testimony, and the verdict for which it forms a basis is that free silver is inimical to the welfare of a nation. The natural resources of Mexico should place it among the great nations, yet it is occupying an inferior position, and the reason is not hard to see.

The warm spell which has visited us for the last three weeks has been of no benefit to growing vegetation. In many places the spring grain has been damaged, while the yield of fall-sown wheat will not be as large as indications pointed earlier in the season. The shortage will not be so great, however, as some people predict, and Wasco county will have a good harvest even if it will not be so large as we would wish. In no year has the superiority of good farming been demonstrated more than this. Those who planted intelligently, using forethought and good judgment, will be substantially rewarded, while the farmers who trusted too much to good fortune will fall short of their expectations. This rule will not fit all cases, but will apply generally. In farming, as in everything else, the man who uses his thinker is the one that comes nearest to winning.

The free coinage of silver will disastrously affect the holders of insurance policies, the depositors in savings banks and the shareholders in the six thousand building and loan associations throughout the country. There are 1,800,000 of these shareholders, and the assets aggregate \$500,000,000. Free silver coinage would make these people the recipients of dollars worth but fifty cents, and the results of years of labor and denial would be in a large measure lost.

#### SENATE CONTROL ASSURED.

For the benefit of those who may be in doubt about what will be the political complexion of the next United States senate, figures have been prepared by the American Protective Tariff League showing that a Republican majority in the upper house of the fifty-fifth congress is assured. There are four states where Republican senators to succeed Democratic members seem certain of election. In two states Republicans have already been elected to the fifty-fifth congress—Foraker in Ohio to succeed Brice, and Wellington in Maryland to succeed Gibson. The other four counted on as sure are in New York, where Senator Hill's successor is to be chosen; in Wisconsin to succeed Vilas; in Indiana, to succeed Voorhees, and in Illinois, to succeed Palmer. Then there are Kansas, South Dakota and Missouri, where Republican senators to succeed Peffer, Kyle and Vest are not improbable. Counting the four states first mentioned as certain to be represented by Republican senators in the next congress, and letting the vacancies in Kentucky and Delaware balance each other, the new senate would stand: Republicans 47, combined opposition 43. That is a conservative view. Should Kansas, Missouri and South Dakota also elect Republican senators, as seems possible, the result would be: Republicans 50, combined opposition 40. This computation takes no account of the silver senators whose successors are to be elected, they being classed with the opposition. One loss may be sustained in Utah, which state Arthur Brown now represents. Senator Brown refused to bolt the St. Louis convention, but his term does not expire until March 4, 1898. So a tariff bill can be passed before his successor, who may be a free silver adherent, can be elected. All of which goes to show that the Republicans are assured practically of four majority against the combined opposition in the next senate, and possibly a majority of ten.

The figures of the American Protective Tariff League are as follows:

	54th Congress	55th Congress	56th Congress
	Before bolt	After bolt	Conservative
Republicans	44	40	47
Comb'd oppositn	44	45	48
Vacancies	2	2	0

The death of ex-Governor Russell of Massachusetts will cause surprise and sorrow throughout the nation. But a few days ago he was an active participant in the effort to hold the Democratic party to the paths of wisdom, and was a frequently-mentioned presidential possibility. Gov-

ernor Russell represented a fine type of New England manhood. Although an aristocrat by birth and training, he had sympathies with the people and enjoyed their confidence to a remarkable degree. He had but entered upon what promised to be a brilliant national career, and his death is a loss not only to Massachusetts, but to the country at large. Although differing with him on many issues, the Republicans of his own and other states will regret his untimely end. So it is that "Death loves a shining mark."

Judged by the company it is keeping, the Democratic party is a thing not to be trusted. The Populists declare that Democracy has purged itself of all its vices and has become, to every intent and purpose, identical with Populism. The joy with which Bryan and his platform are received by the Populists makes it evident that the Democrats have stolen Populist thunder. In the meantime Altgeld, Tillman and Bryan stand as the representatives of the modern Democratic party. Will the country give them its indorsement?

The East Oregonian has heard that the Democratic convention declared for free silver, and very obediently falls into line. Before the convention it was a believer in the gold standard. Democratic patronage probably has a good deal to do with the change.

Subscribe for THE CHRONICLE

Five carloads of oil for the Standard Oil Co. have arrived and were unloaded in the new tank. The agents here are The Dalles Commission Co., and a new oil delivery wagon will soon arrive and make daily visits to our merchants. This will be quite a convenience. Herebefore it has been some trouble for merchants to get oil just when they wanted it. No one would want a carload and considerable canvassing would have to be done to get up an order.

#### PURELY VEGETABLE.

The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the world! AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC for all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Spleen. Regulate the Liver and prevent CHILLS AND FEVER, MALARIOUS FEVERS, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, RESTLESSNESS, JAUNDICE AND NAUSEA.



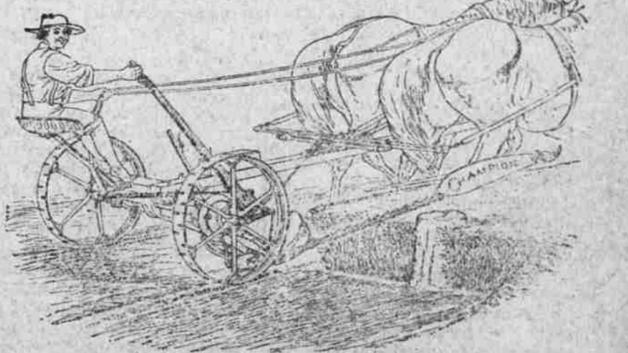
**HAD BREATH!**  
Nothing is so unpleasant, nothing so common, as bad breath; and in nearly every case it comes from the stomach, and can be so easily corrected if you will take SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR. Do not neglect to secure a remedy for this repulsive disorder. It will also improve your appetite, complexion and general health.

**CONSTIPATION**  
SHOULD not be regarded as a trifling ailment—in fact, nature demands the utmost regularity of the bowels, and any deviation from this demand paves the way often to serious danger. It is quite as necessary to remove impure accumulations from the bowels as it is to eat or sleep, and no health can be expected where a costive habit of body prevails.

**SICK HEADACHE!**  
This distressing affliction occurs most frequently. The disturbance of the stomach, arising from the imperfectly digested contents, causes a severe pain in the head, accompanied with disagreeable nausea, and this constitutes what is popularly known as Sick Headache, for the relief of which TAKE SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR OR MEDICINE.

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### New Champion, Foot-Lift, Wobble-Geared Mower.



Fewest wearing parts, lightest running, high-cutting speed. Especially adapted for cutting grass or coarse grain.

THE NEW CHAMPION TWINE BINDER, simple in construction, and, like the Mower, few repairs needed.

JOS. T. PETERS & CO., Agents.